

# Honors Discrete Mathematics

Instructor: Alexander Razborov, University of Chicago  
razborov@uchicago.edu

Course Homepage: [www.cs.uchicago.edu/~razborov/teaching/autumn21.html](http://www.cs.uchicago.edu/~razborov/teaching/autumn21.html)

Autumn Quarter, 2021

Prove all of your answers with reasonable degree of mathematical rigor (feel free to ask us when in doubt). If you work with others put their names clearly at the top of the assignment, everyone must turn in their own independently written solutions. Shopping for solutions on the Internet is strongly discouraged. But if you accidentally stumble across it, then it will be accepted as long as you cite the source and explain the solution in your own words.

## Homework 4, due November 3

1. Give a closed-form expression for the number of ordered triples  $\langle A, B, C \rangle$  of subsets of  $[n]$  such that  $A \cap B \subseteq C$ .
2. Prove the binomial identity

$$\sum_{k=2021}^n \binom{k}{2021} \binom{n}{k} = \binom{n}{2021} \cdot 2^{n-2021}.$$

3. Prove that

$$\left| \binom{n}{0} - \binom{n}{2} + \binom{n}{4} - \binom{n}{6} + \dots \right| \leq 2^{n/2}.$$

4. Give a closed-form expression for the number of sets  $A \in \binom{[n] \times [n]}{n+1}$  whose projection onto the first coordinate<sup>1</sup> is *full* (equal to  $[n]$ ).
5. Prove that  $S(2m, 2n) \geq S(m, n)^2$  for any positive integers  $m, n$ .

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<sup>1</sup>that is,  $\{x \in [n] \mid \exists y \in [n]((x, y) \in A)\}$