

Homework 5

1. Recall that the twisted cubic was defined as $\mathbf{V}(y - x^2, z - x^3)$.

For any $f \in \mathbb{R}[x, y, z]$ show that f can be written as:

$$h_1(y - x^2) + h_2(z - x^3) + r$$

where $h_1, h_2 \in \mathbb{R}[x, y, z]$ and r is a polynomial in x alone.

2. (a) Show that the twisted cubic can be parameterized as $\{(t, t^2, t^3) : t \in \mathbb{R}\}$.

(b) Prove that $I(V(y - x^2, z - x^3)) = \langle y - x^2, z - x^3 \rangle$.

(Hint, use part (a) and problem 1)

3. Prove that $I(V(x^n, y^m)) = \langle x, y \rangle$ for all $n, m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$.

4. Prove the following strengthening of Dickson's Lemma. If I is a monomial ideal $I = \langle x^\alpha : \alpha \in A \rangle$, then $I = \langle x^{\alpha_1}, x^{\alpha_2}, \dots, x^{\alpha_s} \rangle$ where $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_s \in A$. Namely the finite generating set may be formed from elements of A . (You may use the Lemma we proved in class, that every monomial ideal has a finite generating set.)

5. Let $>$ be a relation on $\mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$ such that

(i) $>$ is a total ordering on $\mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$.

(ii) If $\alpha > \beta$ and $\gamma \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$ then $\alpha + \gamma > \beta + \gamma$.

then $>$ is a well-ordering iff $\alpha \geq 0 \ \forall \alpha \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$.

(Hint: Use Dickson's Lemma)