

PROBLEM

2024.02.09

1

SESSION

12.66 sorting heap-organized data

alg. A Assume  $k$  comparisons suffice if input is heap-organized

takes  $\geq n \log_2 n$

$(\forall \varepsilon > 0) (\forall n > n_0)$  it takes  $> n \log_2 n (1-\varepsilon)$

B sorts:

① HEAPIFY ②  $\alpha$

$$C_n + k \geq O(n) + k \geq n \log_2 n \geq (1-\varepsilon) n \log_2 n$$

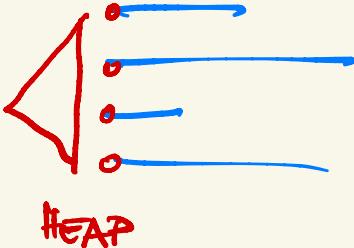
$$k \geq (1-\varepsilon) n \log_2 n - C_n \sim (1-\varepsilon) n \log_2 n$$

12.59

L2

k-way merge

merge in  $O(n \log k)$



k sorted list  
total length n

$O(k)$  HEAPIFY the  $k$  min elements, remove them from each list

EXTRACT-MIN if MIN comes from list  $i$

$2 \log k$  INSERT min List $_i$  by INCREASE-KEY(root)  
total  $2n \log k$

bubble-down

2nd sol'n: D&C : MERGE ( $\text{MERGE}^{\frac{k}{2}}, \text{MERGE}^{\frac{k}{2}}$ )

$$T(n) \leq T(l) + T(n-l) + n - 1$$

$$T(n, k) \leq T(l, k_1) + T(n-l, k_2) + n - 1$$

2nd sol'n: D&C: MERGE(MERGE  $\frac{k}{2}$ , MERGE  $\frac{k}{2}$ ) (3)

$$T(n) \leq T(l) + T(n-l) + n - 1$$

$$T(n, k) \leq T(l, \frac{k}{2}) + T(n-l, \frac{k}{2}) + n - 1$$

$$g(n, k) = Cn \log k$$

$$Cn \log k \stackrel{?}{\geq} Cl \log(\frac{k}{2}) + C(n-l) \log(\frac{k}{2}) + n - 1$$

$$Cn \log k \stackrel{?}{\geq} C(l \log k - 1) + C(n-l) \log k - 1 + n - 1$$

$$0 \geq -Cn + n - 1$$

$$\underline{\underline{C=1}}$$

$n := k$   $T(k, k) \sim k \log k$

12.62

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## HEAPSORT

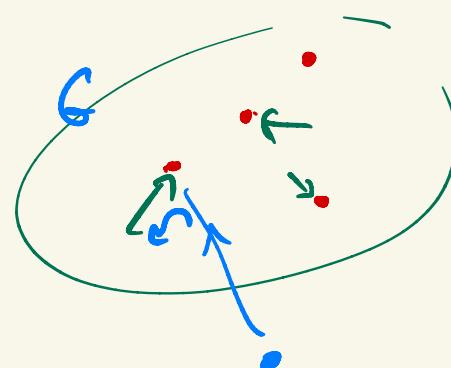
HEAPIFY  $O(n)$

EXTR-MIN n times : bubbling down :  $2 \log n$

total  $\sim 2n \log n$

## 10.49 EMERGENCY EXITS

$G^{tr}$  +   
0 weight

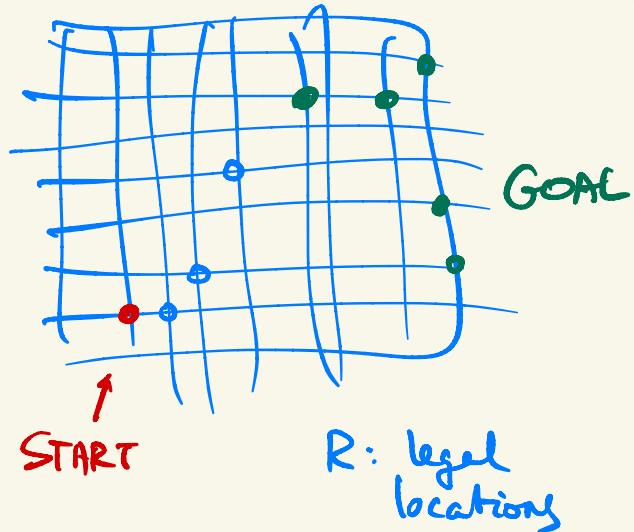
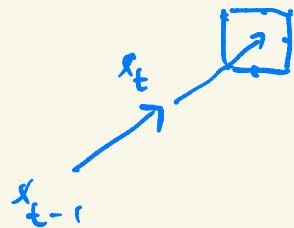


# 10.59 CAR RACE

(5)

$x_t$  : location at time t

$v_t = x_t - x_{t-1}$  : velocity



$(x_t, v_t)$  : state

State space =  $V = R \times \{\text{possible velocities}\}$   
 $(2n+1)^2$

$$\deg^+ \leq 9$$

$$|V| = \underline{O(|R| \cdot n^2)}$$

(c) allows only  $O(\underline{|R| \cdot n})$  time & space 6

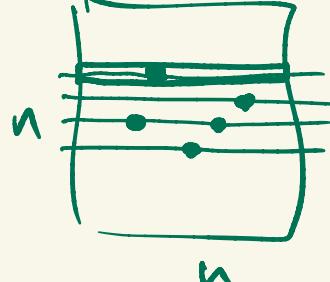
Lemma 1 velocity :  $O(\sqrt{n})$

need membership in  $R$  in  $O(1)$

① if  $|R| \geq n$  then take  $R$  as  $t \times u$

$(0,1)$  array

② if  $|R| < n$

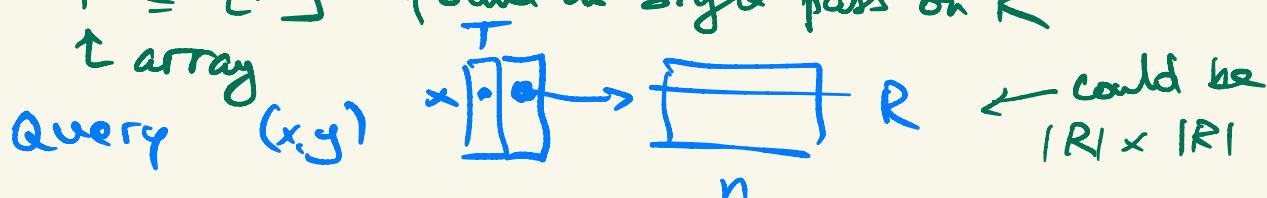


$$R = \{(x_i, y_i) \mid i \in I\}$$

$$T := \{x \mid (\exists y)(x, y) \in R\}$$

$T \subseteq [n]$  found in single pass on  $R$

$t$  array

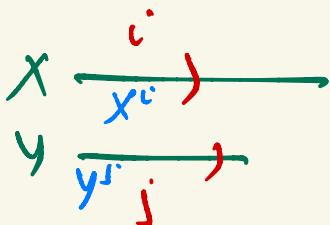


10.62

Edit distance : Given strings  $x, y$   
 find  $\text{dist}(x, y)$

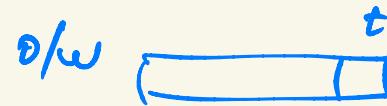
$$|x|=k$$

(7)



$$d(i, j) := \text{dist}(x^i, y^j)$$

$$d(i, j) = \begin{cases} d(i-1, j-1) & \text{if } x_i^i = y_j^j \\ \end{cases}$$



INS  
 DEL  
 CHANGE

$$1 + \min(d(i-1, j), d(i, j-1), d(i-1, j-1))$$

CHANGE  $x_i$

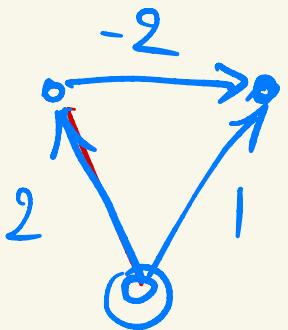
DEL  $y_j$   
 DEL  $x_i$

$\leq$

10.31

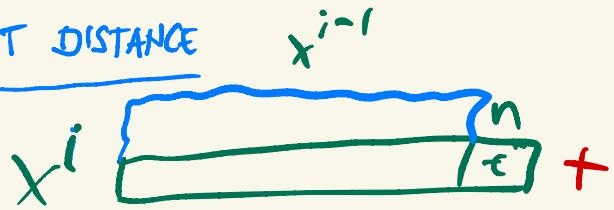
Dijkstra fails w/ negative weight

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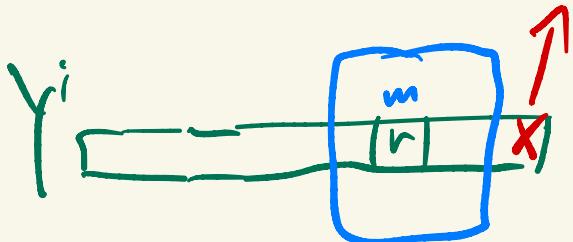


## 10.62 EDIT DISTANCE

Q



DEL, CH



DEL

$$x_0 = x, y_0 = y$$

1) CH at n  $\rightarrow$  "r"

